

The War Between the States: America's Uncivil War

Chapter 12 – War

Identification:

1. Crittendon- Johnson Resolution
2. Jefferson Davis

Completion:

1. The war of 1861- 1865 killed about _____ people; to achieve a like percentage of dead Americans in a modern conflict, one should multiply that number by a factor of _____, which would total _____ people.
2. The war can be divided into two major theaters of conflict, the _____ and the _____. One of these encompassed many states, including most of those in the South, while the other primarily included the three states of _____, _____, and _____.
3. When the war started, four out of the five brothers of _____ Lincoln (the President's wife) fought for the _____. When her son _____ died she attempted to communicate with him through _____.
4. Among Lincoln's more controversial early legal actions as President was the conscription of _____ thousand troops, the purchase of _____ warships by the Navy, suspension of the rights of _____ to citizens, and the payment of _____ million dollars to a New York company to outfit the army.
5. The initial proposed plan of Federal General _____ at the outset of the war was the _____ plan, which proposed blockading the South into submission, while the South sought a defensive posture and _____ recognition from the European powers.
6. The two opposing capitals, _____ and _____, were a bare 130 miles apart. The concentration of Confederate troops to protect their capital left much of the South's territory vulnerable just across the _____ Mountains.

7. Legendary Confederate general _____, the only cadet to ever graduate from West Point without receiving a single _____, was praised by Winfield Scott during the Mexican War in the late 1840s as “_____.” Later, Lincoln actively sought him to command the Federal army before he instead took command of the army of _____.